

# Foundational Reading Skills Overview

The purpose of this document is to take a closer look at the continuum of reading skills. Keeping the leaners in mind, we hope this document can inspire reflection and dialogue about the complexities of teaching reading.

### Advanced Phonemic Awareness

Produce and isolate blends, Manipulate (delete, add, substitute) individual sounds to make new words.

### Early Phonemic Awareness

as text complexity increases

on each other

ikills develop at varying rates and build

Awareness that words are made up of sounds. Produce, isolate, segment, blend individual sounds within words.

### Syllable Awareness

Blends, segment, isolate and manipulate (delete, add, substitute) syllables within words.

#### Word Awareness Awareness that

sentences are made up of word units, also known as word boundaries.

### Phonological Awareness

# Advanced Decoding

Complex and irregular phonics patterns: complex long vowel patterns, diphthongs, rcontrolled vowels, consonant letters multisyllabic w ords etc.

### Regular High Frequency Words

Common decodable words, taught systematically to build word recognition and increase automaticity

### Early Decoding Systematically move

through regular phonics patterns: CVC words, consonant digraphs, blends, two syllable wors with short v owels, etc.

### Alphabetic Principle

Awareness that letters and sounds are connected. Build association between letters and sound.

# Phonics

Expression

Phrasing, intonation, acknowledgement of punctuation and appropriate emphasis when reading.

# Rate

Pace of words read. Accuracy and automaticity of words read are prerequisites to increase reading rate.

### Irregular High Frequency Words

Common words with irregular phonemes that need to be taught explicitly by cueing to the letters & sounds

Accuracy Apply letter -sound connections in text that align with decoding skills

# Fluency

#### **Syntax** The rules by which

Inerules by which words are combined to create grammatical and meaningful sentences.

#### Morphology Understand the

understand the meaning and origins of base words, root, and affixes to support acquisition of new v ocabulary.

# Reading

Vocabulary Applying prior knowledge of word meanings when reading. New words can be learned through reading or explicit instruction.

Expressive & Receptive Oral Vocabulary Knowledge and use of words in spoken

# Vocabulary

language.

# **Extending Text**

Ability to use and apply information. Read by asking questions, identifying themes, connecting to learning or personal experience, etc.

# **Critical Thinking**

Application of increasingly conceptual reading strategies (e.g., predicting, inferencing, analyzing, summarizing etc.) in a v ariety of texts.

# Concrete Understanding

Understanding the literal and propositional meaning from text; sequencing events within text.

# Listening Comprehension

Active and purposeful understanding of the content, form and use of spoken language

# Comprehension

### Early Reader

**Developing Reader** 

### **Advancing Reader**

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# Concepts about Print

Understanding that written language represents meaningful oral language, and that books and print have structure. **Book Parts**: Title, cover, author, spine orientation, etc.

**Directionality:** Book handling, left to right, top to bottom etc.

TextFeatures: Page numbers, punctuation, diagrams, etc.

Print Structure: Visual boundaries of letter, word, and sentence, 1:1 oral/written word correspondences.